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6.3 Environmental Statement Technical Appendix 9.3 Agricultural Land Classification Report - Track Changed

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6.3 Environmental Statement Technical Appendix 9.3 Agricultural Land Classification Report - Track Changed

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1 Introduction

1.1 Report aims

- 1.1.1 The Agricultural Land Classification (ALC) Report has been prepared as part of the Environmental Statement (ES) [contained within Volume 6.1] submitted for the Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the Scheme.
- 1.1.2 In accordance with the ALC methodology for England and Wales¹, this report details the quality of agricultural land within the Order Limits for the Scheme.
- 1.1.3 This report aims to determine the distribution of ALC grades across the Scheme, including Best and Most Versatile (BMV) land, and has been informed by desk-based searches, as well as surveys conducted in 2021 and 2023.
- 1.1.4 This report supports the assessment of likely significant effects detailed in Chapter 9 (Geology and Soils) of the ES [REP3REP5-009010]. This report has also informed the Outline Soil Management Plan (SMP) for the Scheme, contained in Appendix B.3 of the First Iteration Environmental Management Plan (EMP) [REP4-010REP6-012] which provides a framework to manage and monitor the soils disturbed during construction of the Scheme.

¹ Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land.

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2 Legislation and policy overview

- 2.1.1 The National Policy Statement for National Networks (NPSNN)² sets out the policy which the Scheme should comply with. It is also the basis for informing a judgement on the impacts of a Scheme, for example whether the Scheme is consistent with the needs of the NPSNN. Compliance of the Scheme with the 2015 NPSNN is detailed within the NPSNN (2015) Accordance Tables [AS-090REP6-016]. The relevant sections are outlined below.
- At the time of the DCO application submission in April 2024, a Draft 2.1.2 NPSNN (2024) Accordance Table [APP-192] was submitted with the application which summarised compliance of the Scheme with the draft NPSNN. This was because, even though the NPSNN 2024 was still in draft at that time (having been published for consultation in March 2023), it was still capable of constituting a material consideration in the Secretary of State's decision on the Application. As the 2024 NPSNN was designated on 24 May 2024, the Draft NPSNN (2024) Accordance Table [APP-192] has been superseded by the NPSNN (2024) Accordance Table [REP5-032], which assesses the Scheme against the designated 2024 NPSNN. The application for development consent for the Scheme was accepted for examination on 23 May 2024. As set out in the transitional provisions of the 2024 NPSNN (paragraphs 1.16 and 1.17), the 2015 NPSNN has effect for any application for development consent accepted for examination prior to 24 May 2024 and will inform decisions made by the Secretary of State in relation to those applications. However, it is noted that the 2024 NPSNN may still be an important consideration for the Secretary of State for Transport when determining whether to consent the DCO for this Scheme. Therefore, the NPSNN (2024) Accordance Tables [REP5-032] summarised compliance of the Scheme with the 2024 NPSNN.
- 2.1.2 A draft NPSNN was published for consultation in March 2023. The consultation period ended in June 2023. The draft NPSNN may be subject to change following the consultation and once published in its designated form. Although this is currently in draft it has been considered in respect of the Scheme and the Draft NPSNN Accordance Tables [APP-192] summarise compliance of the Scheme with the draft NPSNN.
 - Paragraph 4.15: "All proposals for projects that are subject to the European Union's Environmental Impact Assessment Directive and are likely to have significant effects on the environment, must be accompanied by an ES, describing the aspects of the environment likely to be significantly affected by the project. The Directive specifically requires an environmental impact assessment to identify,

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² Department for Transport. (2014). National Policy Statement for National Networks.



- describe and assess effects on human beings, fauna and flora, soil, water, air, climate, the landscape, material assets and cultural heritage, and the interaction between them."
- Paragraph 5.167: "During any pre-application discussions with the applicant, the local planning authority should identify any concerns it has about the impacts of the application on land-use, having regard to the development plan and relevant applications, and including, where relevant, whether it agrees with any independent assessment that the land is surplus to requirements."
- Paragraph 5.168: "Applicants should take into account the economic and other benefits of the best and most versatile agricultural land (defined as land in grades 1, 2 and 3a of the Agricultural Land Classification). Where significant development of agricultural land is demonstrated to be necessary, applicants should seek to use areas of poorer quality land in preference to that of a higher quality. Applicants should also identify any effects, and seek to minimise impacts, on soil quality, taking into account any mitigation measures proposed. Where possible, developments should be on previously developed (brownfield) sites provided that it is not of high environmental value. For developments on previously developed land, applicants should ensure that they have considered the risk posed by land contamination and how it is proposed to address this."
- Paragraph 5.176: "The decision-maker should take into account the
 economic and other benefits of the best and most versatile agricultural
 land. The decision-maker should give little weight to the loss of
 agricultural land in grades 3b, 4 and 5, except in areas (such as
 uplands) where particular agricultural practices may themselves
 contribute to the quality and character of the environment or the local
 economy."
- Paragraph 5.179: "Applicants can minimise the direct effects of a project on the existing use of the proposed site or proposed uses near the site by the application of good design principles, including the layout of the project and the protection of soils during construction."
- 2.1.3 In 2009, Department for Environment Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) issued the Soil Strategy for England Safeguarding our Soils³. This outlines the goal that by 2030 all of England's soils will be managed sustainably, with degradation threats tackled successfully, to improve the quality of England's soils and safeguard their ability to provide future generations with the vast range of soil ecosystem services. The aims of the Soil Strategy have also been incorporated into the Natural Environment White Paper (The natural choice: securing the value of nature⁴).

³ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. (2009) Safeguarding our Soils: A Strategy for England. Defra.

⁴ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. (2011) The Natural Environment White Paper, The natural choice: securing the value of nature. London: The Stationery Office.



2.1.4 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)⁵ highlights in paragraph 180-187 that the planning system should both contribute to and improve the natural and local environment by protecting and enhancing soils. It also reinforces that the economic and other benefits of BMV agricultural land should be clearly and explicitly recognised. As part of this, the framework outlines that where significant development on agricultural land is demonstrated to be necessary, areas of poorer quality land ALC grades 3b, 4 and 5) should be used in preference to those of higher quality (grades 1, 2 and 3a). This directly relates to the ALC framework¹, which itself determines the quality of agricultural land in accordance with a suite of key soil properties.

⁵ Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (December 2024) National Planning Policy Framework [online] available at:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/67aafe8f3b41f783cca46251/NPPF_December_2024.pdf (last accessed March 2025)Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities (December 2023). National Planning Policy Framework [online] available at: National Planning Policy Framework (publishing.service.gov.uk) (last accessed March 2024).



3 Assessment Approach

3.1 Assessment location

- 3.1.1 Prior to the results reported herein, soil surveys were undertaken by a previous consultant on behalf of the Applicant during the options appraisal stage in 2021. Additional areas that were not subject to surveys have since been undertaken in 2023 and are reported here along with the findings of the previous survey.
- 3.1.2 The current desktop study and ALC surveys were undertaken within the main Scheme alignment, Farndon East and West Borrow Pits Floodplain Compensation Areas (FCA) and the Kelham and Averham FCA at the locations shown in Appendix A and in Figure 2.2 (Environmental Constraints) of the ES Figures [AS-025].
- 3.1.3 Land in four areas, namely the fields centered around coordinates [480715, 356486], [479988, 355101], [481351, 355970] and [481422, 355876], was not surveyed as the land was not anticipated to be allocated for permanent removal from agriculture at the time of the surveys. An ALC grade was assigned to these areas based on neighbouring survey data and soil type, denoted by hatching in Appendix B of this report.
- 3.1.4 The land assessed within the main Scheme alignment principally comprises the Farndon East Borrow Pit and FCA and Farndon West Borrow Pit and FCA on either side of the A46, just north of the River Trent and south of the A617. In addition, a small area of land just north of the Winthorpe roundabout was also surveyed. It is proposed that Farndon East FCA will become a permanent lake, and it is proposed that Farndon West FCA would comprise of residual ponds formed in post-borrow pit excavations with floodplain grazing marsh created in the northern extent of the site.
- 3.1.5 The land assessed within the Kelham and Averham FCA lies between Kelham and Averham on both sides of the A617.

3.2 Agricultural Land Classification framework

- 3.2.1 The ALC system represents an industry-standard framework for classifying agricultural land in accordance with the extent to which physical or chemical characteristics result in long-term limitations on agricultural use. The framework divides agricultural land into five grades, with Grades 1 3a representing BMV land¹.
 - Grade 1 excellent quality agricultural land: 'Land with no or very minor limitations to agricultural use. A very wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can be grown and commonly includes top fruit,



- soft fruit, salad crops and winter harvested vegetables. Yields are high and less variable than on land of lower quality.'
- Grade 2 very good quality agricultural land: 'Land with minor limitations which affect crop yield, cultivations or harvesting. A wide range of agricultural and horticultural crops can usually be grown but on some land in the grade there may be reduced flexibility due to difficulties with the production of the more demanding crops such as winter harvested vegetables and arable root crops. The level of yield is generally high but may be lower or more variable than Grade 1'.
- Grade 3 good to moderate quality agricultural land: 'Land with
 moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type
 of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding
 crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on
 land in Grades 1 and 2'.
 - Subgrade 3a good quality agricultural land: 'Land capable of consistently producing moderate to high yields of a narrow range of arable crops, especially cereals, or moderate yields of a wide range of crops including cereals, grass, oilseed rape, potatoes, sugar beet and the less demanding horticultural crops'.
 - Subgrade 3b moderate quality agricultural land: 'Land capable
 of producing moderate yields of a narrow range of crops, principally
 cereals and grass or lower yields of a wider range of crops or high
 yields of grass which can be grazed or harvested over most of the
 year'.
- Grade 4 poor quality agricultural land: 'Land with severe limitations which significantly restrict the range of crops and/or level of yields. It is mainly suited to grass with occasional arable crops (e.g. cereals and forage crops) the yields of which are variable. In moist climates, yields of grass may be moderate to high but there may be difficulties in utilisation. The grade also includes very droughty arable land'
- Grade 5 very poor quality agricultural land: 'Land with very severe limitations which restrict use to permanent pasture or rough grazing, except for occasional pioneer forage crops'.
- Other land Woodland: Includes commercial and non-commercial woodland. A distinction may be made as necessary between farm and non-farm woodland.

3.3 Assessment methodology

- 3.3.1 A desk-based study was first undertaken to inform the subsequent onsite ALC survey in 2023. The desk-based study examined published information on climate, geology and soil in the locations outlined in Section 3.1 using the following sources:
 - British Geological Survey (BGS) 'GeoIndex'⁶ mapping



- Climatological Data for ALC⁶
- Multi-agency geographic information for the countryside (MAGIC) Map Application⁷
- Flood Map for Planning⁷
- National Soil Association mapping⁸
- 3.3.2 The ALC survey was conducted in accordance with the Soil Survey Field Handbook and appropriate ALC guidance¹.
- 3.3.3 It was undertaken on 10 to 12 January and 1 to 3 March 2023 at 57 locations situated on a 100 metre-by-100 metre grid (i.e. one bore per hectare) within the Scheme design at the time of the survey as shown in the drawing contained in Appendix B. These sample locations were located using a GPS-enabled tablet. Soil profiles were examined to 1.2 metre using a 5cm diameter Dutch (Edelman) hand auger.
- 3.3.4 At each auger bore location, a range of soil properties were recorded using the methods outlined by the Soil Survey Field Handbook. This includes the horizon, soil texture, stone content, calcareousness, slope, colour and mottling.
- 3.3.5 Site conditions such as gradient, microrelief, exposure and aspect were also recorded in each survey area.
- 3.3.6 In order to calculate soil calcareousness, 10% hydrogen chloride was used. A Munsell Soil Colour Chart was used to judge soil colours and a clinometer was used to measure slope gradients.
- 3.3.7 Buried service plans were used at the bore location planning stage to ensure that buried services were avoided, and a Cable Avoidance Tool was used by a trained operator.
- 3.3.8 Hand texturing was used to assess the soil texture throughout the soil profile at each borehole location. This involves rubbing a sample of moist soil in a bare hand to determine its constituent proportions of sand, silt and clay.
- 3.3.9 One soil sample was also obtained for external analysis of Particle Size Distribution (PSD) at a UKAS accredited laboratory. This represents a best-practice approach for substantiating the soil textures derived by hand during the site visit.
- 3.3.10 Changes to the Scheme design since conducting the survey mean that the following boreholes now lie outside the Order Limits of the Scheme: 1-7, 10-40, 84, 90-91, 95-97, 102-105, 108-112 and 120-125. Additionally, HA13 from the 2021 ALC report now lies outside the

⁶ The Met. Office (1989). Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.

⁷ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) Magic Map Application (2023). Available at: <u>Magic Map Application (defra.gov.uk)</u> (Last accessed December 2023).

⁸ Ed. J.M. Hodgson, Cranfield University (2022). Soil Survey Field Handbook: Describing and Sampling Soil Profiles.



boundary of the Scheme. They are still included in this report for information but are excluded from ALC grade and soil resources calculations.



4 Desk-based review

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 The following section presents the findings of an initial desk-based review of available information conducted prior to the soil surveys on the area selected for the ALC survey as mapped in Appendix B of this report. The aim of this section was to guide survey methodology and complement the empirical results.

4.2 Land use

4.2.1 Land within the Order Limits consists predominantly of arable land, grassland and a small amount of woodland. Further detail on land use was obtained during surveys and is reported in Section 5.1.

4.3 Topography

4.3.1 The area is part of the River Trent floodplain and is low lying and flat. The southern part of the Scheme runs through the River Trent alluvial floodplain where natural ground levels are typically 9 to 10 metres Above Ordnance Datum (AOD) and embankments of the existing A46 rise up to a maximum 13 metres in height with 1V:2.5H slopes. To the east of the Brownhills Junction the land rises out of the floodplain and reaches a maximum 18 metres AOD near the eastern end of the Scheme at Winthorpe Junction. The Kelham and Averham FCA is also relatively flat, with elevations ranging from 13 metre AOD to 17 metre AOD across the Scheme. The topography of the Scheme is shown in Figure 9.1 (Topography) of the ES Figures [AS-047].

4.4 Geology

Superficial geology

- 4.4.1 British Geological Survey (BGS) 'GeoIndex' mapping (1:50,000 resolution) indicates there are three different superficial geologies present within the Order Limits:
 - Alluvium is shown to underlie the ALC survey location on the main Scheme alignment, which comprised boreholes 1 – 81a. It is described as 'soft to firm consolidated and compressible silty clay, but can contain silt, peat and gravel'.
 - Both alluvium and Holme Pierrepont Sand and Gravel Member (HPSG) superficial geology are shown to underlie the Kelham and



- Averham FCA (boreholes 81b 125). HPSG is described as 'pinkish, poorly sorted and compositionally rather immature, sandy gravels dominated by rounded pebbles of quartz/quartzite, flint, Triassic and Upper Carboniferous sandstone, Lower carboniferous cherts etc, which typically develops 1-2m above the floodplain'.
- Balderton Sand and Gravel member (BSG) is shown to underlie the small area surveyed to the north of the Winthorpe roundabout (A46/A1133), toward the extreme north of the main Scheme alignment. (boreholes 126-128). BSG is described as 'Orange-brown sandy gravel, dominated by round pebbles of quartz/quartzite, subangular flint and rarer Triassic sandstone'.

Bedrock geology

- 4.4.2 BGS 'GeoIndex' mapping (1:50,000 resolution) indicates there are three bedrock geologies present across the ALC survey location on the main Scheme alignment and the Kelham and Averham FCA.
- 4.4.3 The main Scheme alignment comprised the following bedrock geologies:
 - The majority of the main Scheme alignment comprised Gunthorpe Member which underlies the northern portion of the surveyed area.
 This is described as 'mudstone, red-brown, subordinate siltstone and fine-grained sandstone, greenish grey gypsum veins and nodules'.
 - A narrower band of Edwalton Member underlies approximately the southern third of the survey area. This is described as 'mudstone and siltstone, red-brown and greenish grey, variably dolomitic siltstone and very-fine grained sandstone common in the lower half and fine gypsum common in the upper half'.
- 4.4.4 The bedrock of the Kelham and Averham FCA and the area north of the Winthorpe roundabout is mapped to exclusively consist of the Mercia Mudstone Group, described as 'red, sometimes green-grey, mudstones and subordinate siltstones'.

4.5 Climatological data and flood risk

4.5.1 Climatological and flood risk data are key physical factors taken into account for the derivation of ALC.

Climatological data

4.5.2 Climatological Data for ALC⁹ was consulted to obtain data relevant to the Scheme. Records of climatological data cover grid points every 5

⁹ The Met. Office (1989). Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.



kilometres across the UK. To gain insight into the climate within the Order Limits, four grid points were selected around the area and are summarised in Table 4 1.

Table 4-1: Climatological data

| Variable | | Measu | rement | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| National Grid Reference | SK750500 | SK750550 | SK750600 | SK800500 |
| Altitude in meters (ALT) | 19 | 25 | 25 | 15 |
| Average annual rainfall (AAR) in mm | 574 | 587 | 583 | 570 |
| Lapse rate for average annual rainfall (LAAR) in mm / metre | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.7 |
| Average summer rainfall (ASR) (April to September) in mm | 290 | 295 | 295 | 285 |
| Accumulated temperature above 0° C (AT0) (January to June) | 2390 | 2380 | 2378 | 2395 |
| Accumulated temperature above 0° C (ATS) (April to September) | 1423 | 1414 | 1412 | 1426 |
| Moisture deficit for winter wheat (MDMWHT) in mm (from regressions on ATS and ASR) | 117 | 115 | 115 | 119 |
| Moisture deficit for potatoes (MDMPOT) in mm (from regressions on ATS and ASR) | 112 | 109 | 109 | 114 |
| Median duration of field capacity (FCD) in days, when the soil moisture deficit is zero | 112 | 113 | 116 | 110 |

Flood risk

4.5.3 The Environment Agency's 'Flood Map for Planning' highlights that the land adjacent to the A46 (boreholes 1 to 81a in Appendix B, is categorised as being at a high risk of flooding. This is also referred to as Flood Zone 3 (land having a 3.3% or greater annual probability of river flooding).

4.5.4 The Scheme north of Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCA, to the Winthorpe interchange is also predominantly at a high risk of flooding (>3.3%).

¹⁰ Environment Agency (2023) Flood Map for Planning [online] available at: Where do you want to check? - Check your long term flood risk - GOV.UK (check-long-term-flood-risk.service.gov.uk) (Last accessed December 2023).



- 4.5.5 The area north of the Winthorpe interchange, where the land is more elevated (approximately 18-23 metres AOD) is not within in any flood zone.
- 4.5.6 The Kelham and Averham FCA to the west of the A617 (boreholes 81b to 115), is predominantly outside of flood risk zones except toward the northeast of the order limits where land is categorised as having a low risk of annual flooding (between 0.1% and 1%). On the east side of the A617 (boreholes117-125), the majority of the land is categorised as having a medium risk of annual flooding (1 3.3%), with a smaller area close to the River Trent categorised as having a high risk of annual flooding (>3.3%).
- 4.5.7 The Environment Agency's 'Flood Map for Planning' is depicted in Figure 4.1 below.

Kelham

Tiver Trent

Plantation

Averham

Raver Yen

Raver Yen

Newark-on-Trent

Newark-on-Trent

Newark-on-Trent

Figure 4.1: Flood map for planning

Extent of flooding from rivers or the sea

High Medium Low Verylow

4.6 Agricultural Land Classification

4.6.1 Initial desktop inspection of the route using the 'MAGIC Map Application'¹¹ suggests that the main Scheme alignment survey area

¹¹ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) Magic Map Application (2023). Available at: Magic Map Application (defra.gov.uk) (Last accessed December 2023).



- comprises ALC Grade 3 with a small area of ALC Grade 2 in the north.
- 4.6.2 The area north of the survey area on the main Scheme alignment comprises ALC Grade 3.
- 4.6.3 The Kelham and Averham FCA comprises mainly ALC Grade 2 with a small area of ALC Grade 3 in the north-west of the site and on the east side of the A617.
- 4.6.4 The MAGIC Map only provides a predictive provisional ALC Grade at 1:250,000 scale and does not distinguish between subgrades 3a ('Good quality') or 3b ('Moderate quality'), which represents the crucial boundary between BMV¹² (Grades 1 3a) and moderate or poorer quality land (Grades 3b, 4 and 5).
- 4.6.5 The ALC survey produced in April 2021 by a previous consultant for National Highways covers a large section of the northern half of the main Scheme alignment and only partially covers the land assessed here. The majority (29.1 ha) of the land previously surveyed was found to be grade 3b ('Moderate quality', non-BMV). A 14.7 ha area between the Winthorpe Roundabout and the ESSO garage, near the Winthorpe interchange, was graded 3a ('Good quality', BMV).

4.7 Soil associations

- 4.7.1 Inspection of National Soil Association mapping⁹ for the main Scheme alignment and Kelham and Averham FCA suggests that there are five different soil associations within the 2023 ALC survey area and seven across the Order Limits.
 - **Fladbury 2:** 'Greyish and brownish alluvium, with mottled clayey (not above 40cm in the Trent series) soils and subsidiary fine loamy soils pass into clayey subsoil. Slowly permeable subsoils, waterlogging caused by ground water'¹³. It is expected to be found within the main Scheme alignment from just north of the Farndon Roundabout to just east of the Winthorpe interchange.
 - Wharfe: 'Deep well drained, mainly fine loamy brown alluvial soils, tend to occur next to rivers. Permeable well drained, in some areas will be subject to winter flooding'. This soil association is anticipated to occur within the western portion of the main Scheme alignment ALC

¹² Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (December 2024) National Planning Policy Framework [online] available at:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/67aafe8f3b41f783cca46251/NPPF_December_2024.pdf (last accessed March 2025)Department for Levelling Up, Housing & Communities (December 2023). National Planning Policy Framework [online] available at: National Planning Policy Framework (publishing.service.gov.uk) (last accessed March 2024).

¹³ Cranfield University The Soils Guide (2023). Available at: <u>LandIS - Land Information System - Associations</u> (Last accessed December 2023).



- survey area. It is also present to the northeast corner of the Kelham and Averham FCA.
- Arrow: 'Coarse loamy soils affected by groundwater, gleyic brown earths, cambic gley soils. Permeable but seasonally waterlogged on undrained land'. It is anticipated to cover most of the Kelham and Averham FCA and the area to the south of the Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCA.
- Compton: 'Stoneless mostly reddish clayey soils affected by groundwater. Mainly mottled reddish and greyish subsoils down to greyish clay. Severely waterlogged and subject to seasonal flooding due to groundwater at shallow depths'. Compton soils are anticipated in the north of the Kelham and Averham FCA in which auger bore locations 110 to 112 were preselected for examination.
- Newport 1: 'Deep mainly well drained medium sandy soils formed in glaciofluvial and river terrace deposits and, in a few places, stoneless, aeolian sand. Some affected by groundwater'. Anticipated to occur in the area north of the Winthorpe roundabout.
- Blackwood: Deep permeable sandy and coarse loamy soils affected by groundwater. Anticipated to be present in the location of the Winthorpe interchange to just north of the Winthorpe roundabout.
- **Dunnington Heath:** Reddish coarse and fine loamy over clayey soils with slowly permeable subsoils and slight seasonal waterlogging. This association skirts the eastern side of the main Scheme alignment and is only anticipated to be present along Trent Lane and Quibell's Lane.



5 Site surveys

5.1 Land use

- 5.1.1 The area within the main Scheme alignment consists of predominantly arable land, with one portion of rough grazing in the field bounded by Old Trent Dyke in the north-east. It is notable that this area was heavily poached and waterlogged during the survey visit conducted on 10 to 12 January 2023, which limited the extent of the survey in this area. The field encompassing auger bores 8 and 9 (please refer to Appendix B for a map of auger bore distribution) had infant trees recently planted, though due to their infancy, this was not considered 'Other Land' as per ALC guidelines¹.
- 5.1.2 The field east of the A46 was ploughed with maize stubble present, while the field bounding the A46 to the west was recorded to have sprayed off grass during the site visit. The field in the north-west of the main Scheme alignment survey area had been in use growing sugar beet.
- 5.1.3 The majority of Kelham and Averham FCA is currently in use as grassland for grazing, with evidence of previous grazing in this area. This changes to arable cropping in the fields adjacent to the A617 between the villages of Averham and Kelham.
- 5.1.4 The agricultural land to the north of the Farndon East FCA and Farndon West Borrow Pits / FCA, surveyed previously in 2021 consisted of a mixture grassland and arable fields with the former appearing more abundant.



6 Observed soils

6.1 Soil types

- 6.1.1 Across the study area, five distinct soil types were observed, a further 2 were delineated from the previous ALC data and one (Type 8 south of the Farndon roundabout) is based on national soil association mapping⁹ as no soil survey has been carried out in this area to date (please refer to Appendix A for a map of soil type distribution).
 - Type 1 Deep alluvial clay loam: Stoneless or very slightly stony clay loam soils developed in alluvium and with risk of seasonal flooding. Topsoils occasionally heavy, some clay subsoils between 30-120cm and the inclusion of some sandy loam subsoils below 80cm. Soils throughout the majority of fields in the main Scheme alignment survey area fall into Soil Type 1, along with an area to the east of the A617, within the Kelham and Averham FCA. This is characterised by non-calcareous, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2, 3/3), stoneless (<1% small or medium hard stones) or very slightly stony (1-5%) heavy clay loam (less frequently medium clay loam) topsoils overlying heavy clay loam upper and lower subsoils with few (<2% matrix coverage) fine (1-2mm) light grey (7.5YR 7/1) or strong brown/reddish (7.5YRs 5/8) mottles. While the majority of subsoils were characterised as heavy clay loam, heavier clay subsoils were also commonly recorded at depths between 29-120cm. In line with the alluvial nature of soils in the vicinity, the coarser soil particles associated with sandy clay loam and medium sandy loam textures were commonly recorded in lower subsoils (typically below 80cm depth). Soils were typically Wetness Class I owing to <225 Field Capacity Days (FCD) and no slowly permeable layer (SPL) or gleying observed.
 - Type 2 Deep loam with high potential for waterlogging: Non-calcareous, very slightly stony loamy soil developed over alluvium with naturally high groundwater and mottled subsoils. Very slightly stony clay loam topsoils over sandy clay loam subsoils found within the main Scheme alignment with indications of frequent flooding. Typically a non-calcareous, brown (7.5YR 5/3), very slightly stony (1-5%) medium clay loam topsoil overlying a sandy clay loam subsoil. Typical of the wet conditions, fine (1-2mm) strong brown/reddish (7.5YR 5/8) mottling was apparent throughout the topsoil (<2% matrix coverage) and subsoil (10% matrix coverage). Soils were typically Wetness Class I owing to <225 FCD and no SPL or gleying observed.
 - Type 3 Disturbed soils: Mottled, commonly stoneless clay loam soils with some sandy clay loam and loamy sand subsoils. Evidence of previous disturbance leading to compacted soil structure and high susceptibility to flooding. Evidence of a previously disturbed soil profile situated in an area of approximately 2.7 hectare along the western boundary of the field bordering the A46 to the east. Soils in this area



were visually characterised by standing water and a high water table. Where hand augering was possible (auger bores 73, 76 and 79), soil profiles typically consisted of non-calcareous, stoneless (<1% small or medium hard stones) or very slightly stony (1-5%), brown (7.5YR 4/2) medium or heavy clay loam topsoils overlying slightly lighter brown (7.5YR 4/3 or 5/3) clay subsoils with fine grey mottles (<2% matrix coverage, 1-2mm, 7.5YR 7/1). Similarly to Soil Type 1, subsoils were occasionally sandy clay loam, medium sandy loam and loamy sand from 68cm depth, with mottling not recorded in these better draining horizons. The waterlogged nature of the area suggests soils have become compacted following reinstatement, with further indication of this area being previously disturbed through both historical aerial imagery and the identification of dark black, possible coal rock in the topsoil of auger bore 76. Soils were typically Wetness Class I owing to <225 FCD and no SPL or gleying observed.

- Type 4 Well draining loamy soils: Sandy loam or sandy clay loam soils with sand and loamy sand within lower subsoils and variable stoniness. Soil profiles in the Kelham and Averham FCA are characteristically of lighter textures, making them distinct from soils adjacent to the A46 itself. Typical profiles comprise brown (7.5YR 4/3), non-calcareous sandy loam or sandy clay loam topsoils overlying brown (7.5YR 4/4) or light brown (7.5YR 4/6, 5/6) subsoils, with some sand or loamy sand lower subsoils). Topsoils tend to be very slightly stony (1-5%), although stoniness in subsoils can vary between very slightly to moderately (6-15%) or even very (>36%) stony. Mottling is uncharacteristic due to the typically strong drainage associated with these light soil textures. Soils were typically Wetness Class I owing to <225 FCD and no SPL or gleying observed.
- Type 5 Deep well draining soils: Non-calcareous, deep well drained sandy soils, developed in glaciofluvial deposits of sand and gravel, found exclusively in the surveyed area north of the Winthorpe roundabout at an elevation of 19-21m (AOD). Dark Very dark greyish brown (10YR3/2), medium loamy sand to sandy loam, moderately stony topsoils to 32cm, with upper subsoils of loamy sand or sand. Lower subsoils consisted of stony to very stony, strong brown (7.5YR 4/6), medium sand to a depth of 100cm.
- Type 6 Loamy soils with poorer structured subsoils: Deep variably textured soil recorded, with generally poorer structuring in the subsoils. Topsoils are non-calcareous and range from sandy loam to clay loam and to a depth of 38cm. Subsoils range from sandy loams to clay and structures recorded include prismatic and massive. Recorded depths ranged from 60 to 110cm with augering most commonly stopping in poorly structured marl. Soils variably affected by ground water and winter flooding.
- Type 7 Alluvial soils: Deep non-calcareous and stoneless, predominantly silty clay loam soils recorded. Formed predominantly in alluvium and transitioning to more clayey soils in the south. Topsoils, typically silty clay loam (25-30cm), with one clay topsoil recorded



- (HA21). Upper subsoils also typically silty clay loam (45-90cm), with one clay upper subsoil recorded (HA21). Lower subsoils recorded as silty clay or clay from 80 to 120cm, where in shallower profiles augering was stopped by high stone content. Soils variably affected by ground water and winter flooding.
- Type 8 Coarse loamy soils: Deep permeable coarse loamy soils anticipated. Formed predominantly in superficial deposits of sand and gravel. Topsoil stoneless or slightly stony sandy loam (25cm). Upper subsoil, slightly stony sandy loam (50cm). Lower subsoil slightly stony sandy loam or loamy sand (100cm). Seasonal waterlogging and high winter water table expected.
- 6.1.2 Please note that the land located to the north-east of Old Trent Dyke (main Scheme alignment survey area) is comprised of two fields that at the time of visit were used as cattle pasture. Auger boreholes numbers 16, 17, 26, 27, 28, 29, 39, 40 and 41 were initially planned to be undertaken in this area. However, due to flooding it was not possible to conduct the ALC survey in these locations. A partial bore at location 7 was undertaken, although this was waterlogged from 68cm depth.
- 6.1.3 Elsewhere within the main Scheme alignment current survey area, surface waterlogging also meant that no bores were possible at the preselected locations; bores number 68, 70, 74 and 78. Partial auger bores were only able to be undertaken in locations 42 (to 80cm), 51 (40cm) and 78 (20cm) as soils were saturated with water and unable to be hand textured or assessed accurately to full 1.2m depth.
- 6.1.4 In the Kelham and Averham FCA, partial soil bores due to waterlogging were only possible at locations 109 and 110. Boring reached depths of 70cm and 72cm, respectively, before soils were saturated with water and unable to be hand textured or assessed accurately.
- One soil sample was taken for external analysis of PSD. This was undertaken in line with ALC best-practice in order to corroborate the textures recorded in the field. The sample was collected from auger bore 102 and the PSD analysis confirmed that the sample contained 52% sand, 30% silt and 18% clay. The raw laboratory results from the 2023 survey reported herein are included in Appendix E.



7 ALC interpretation

7.1 Limiting factors

- 7.1.1 Climate conditions were not limiting factors on the ALC grade. At each of the four selected grid reference points (Section 4.5), the average annual rainfall (AAR) ranged from 570 574mm and the accumulated temperature above 0°C (AT0) ranged from 2378 2395° C. These values fall within Grade 1 when plotted on the 'Grade according to the climate' graph found in Figure 1 of the ALC guidance¹.
- 7.1.2 FCD at the four points fell within the parameters of Grade 1 land. With a range of 110 116 the median duration of days when the soil moisture deficit is zero is relatively low. This means that FCD does not have a limiting effect when determining wetness grades.
- 7.1.3 Site conditions such as gradient, exposure, and microrelief were similarly found not to be limiting factors in overall ALC grade.
- 7.1.4 The gradient of the surveyed areas was flat and so is not considered to be a limiting factor for ALC grade.
- 7.1.5 Microrelief conditions such as complex changes in slope or the presence of boulders or rock outcrops can impede the use of farm equipment and therefore influence the overall ALC grading. There were no instances of microrelief conditions that could have a limiting effect across the entire surveyed area.
- 7.1.6 Local climatic conditions such as exposure and frost risk are not considered to contribute to the overall ALC grade within the study area.
- 7.1.7 Overall soil depths were consistently greater than 60cm at each borehole location and as such pose no limitation to the ALC grade.
- 7.1.8 The topsoil within the main Scheme alignment mostly comprised medium heavy clay loam. This is not considered to be a limiting factor when accounting for wetness class or droughtiness.
- 7.1.9 The topsoil within the Kelham and Averham FCA was mainly medium sandy loam. This is not considered to be a limiting factor when accounting for wetness class but has an impact on soil droughtiness.
- 7.1.10 The volume of hard stones larger than 2cm within the top 25cm of the soil profile did not exceed 15% within any of the auger borehole locations. The volume of hard stones larger than 6cm within the top 25cm of the soil profile did not exceed 5%. No soft stones were encountered within the survey area. As such, stone content is not considered to be a major impediment to cultivation or to reduce the water capacity of the soil as per the limiting percentages set out in Table 5 of the ALC guidance¹.



- 7.1.11 No evidence of significant soil erosion was encountered during the ALC survey.
- 7.1.12 No chemical limitations within the site are expected. This means that no chemical factors are likely to have, a detrimental long-term effect on the soils overall ALC grade.
- 7.1.13 The key limiting factor across the main Scheme alignment survey area was flooding as was evident from reviewing the Environment Agency's 'Flood Map for Planning'7 and from observation of flooded conditions at the time of the site survey (as shown in the photographs in Appendix D). With an annual flood risk of 3.3% or greater the area is considered to have an occasional to frequent flood risk as per Table 2 and Table 3 of the ALC guidance¹.
- 7.1.14 The key limiting factor across the Kelham and Averham FCA was soil droughtiness. This is due to a combination of light soil textures, with much greater influence of sand in Soil Type 4 (Section 6.1), and stone content.
- 7.1.15 The limiting factor for each auger bore is included in the auger bore log in Appendix E.

7.2 Grading

- 7.2.1 The current 2023 detailed ALC survey and previous 2021 ALC survey show that the main Scheme alignment and the Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs, are dominated by Grade 3b land due to its risk of flooding. There is also some Grade 3a BMV land present in the main Scheme alignment. Grade 4 land is present in the main Scheme alignment and both Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs.
- 7.2.2 The Kelham and Averham FCA comprise BMV land including ALC Grades 2 (5.9ha) and 3a (3.4ha), and Grade 3b (3.3ha).
- 7.2.3 Appendix B outlines the distribution of ALC grades across both sites within the Scheme design. In summary:
 - Main Scheme alignment 2023 survey area (excluding borrow pits and FCAs)
 - Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 5.8 ha (100%)
 - Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs
 - Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 35.9 ha (84%)
 - o Grade 4 ('Poor'): 6.2 ha (14%)
 - Other Woodland: 0.7 ha (2%)
 - Kelham and Averham FCA 2023 survey area
 - o Grade 2 ('Very good'): 5.9 ha (38%)
 - Grade 3a ('Good'): 3.4 ha (22%)
 - o Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 3.3 ha (21%)
 - Other Woodland: 0.7 ha (4%)



- Total 2023 survey area
 - o Grade 2 ('Very Good'): 5.9 ha (9%)
 - o Grade 3a ('Good'): 3.4 ha (5%)
 - Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 45.0 ha (73%)
 - Grade 4 ('Poor'): 6.2 ha (10%)
 - Other Woodland: 1.6 ha (2%)
- Main Scheme alignment 2021 survey area (including extrapolated data)
 - o Grade 3a ('Good'): 28.0 ha (56%)
 - Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 22.3 ha (44%)
- Total 2021 and 2023 survey area combined (including extrapolated data)
 - o Grade 2 ('Very Good'): 5.9 ha (5%)
 - o Grade 3a ('Good'): 31.4 ha (28%)
 - o Grade 3b ('Moderate'): 67.3 ha (60%)
 - Grade 4 ('Poor'): 6.2 ha (6%)
 - Other Woodland: 1.6 ha (1%)
- 7.2.4 The combined area of the 2021 and 2023 survey within the Scheme design is 112.4 ha. Of this total area there was a combined total of 37.3 ha of BMV land.



8 Summary and conclusion

- 8.1.1 ALC surveys carried out in 2021 and 2023 have identified that the main Scheme alignment and the Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs (2021 and 2023 data) predominantly comprise non-BMV land, including Grade 3b (28.1ha in the main Scheme alignment and 35.9ha in the Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs) and Grade 4 (0.5ha in the main Scheme alignment and 5.7ha in the Farndon East and West Borrow Pits and FCAs). ALC grade was primarily limited by flood risk, which was apparent during both the initial baseline desk study and site visits.
- 8.1.2 Conversely, the Kelham and Averham FCA predominantly comprises BMV land, including Grade 2 (5.9 ha) and Grade 3a (3.4 ha).
- 8.1.3 The total 2021 and 2023 survey area comprises 33% BMV land with 5.9 ha falling within Grade 2 (5%) and 31.4 ha falling within Grade 3a (28%). Of the remaining area, 61% (67.2ha) was considered to be Grade 3b, 6% was Grade 4 (6.2ha) and 2% was classified as Other Woodland.
- 8.1.4 To limit detrimental impacts to soils across the two sites, soils should be handled in accordance with the Outline SMP (Appendix B.3 of the First Iteration EMP [REP4REP6-010012]), which has been produced in conjunction with the results of this report.



9 References

- ¹ Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. (1988) Agricultural Land Classification of England and Wales: Revised guidelines and criteria for grading the quality of agricultural land.
- ² Department for Transport. (2014). National Policy Statement for National Networks.
- ³ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. (2009) Safeguarding our Soils: A Strategy for England. Defra.
- ⁴ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. (2011) The Natural Environment White Paper, The natural choice: securing the value of nature. London: The Stationery Office.
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- ⁶ The Met. Office (1989). Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.
- ⁷ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) Magic Map Application (2023). Available at: <u>Magic Map Application (defra.gov.uk)</u> (Last accessed December 2023).
- ⁸ Ed. J.M. Hodgson, Cranfield University (2022). Soil Survey Field Handbook: Describing and Sampling Soil Profiles.
- ⁹ The Met. Office (1989). Climatological Data for Agricultural Land Classification.
- ¹⁰ Environment Agency (2023) Flood Map for Planning [online] available at: Where do you want to check? Check your long term flood risk GOV.UK (check-long-term-flood-risk.service.gov.uk) (Last accessed December 2023).
- ¹¹ Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra) Magic Map Application (2023). Available at: <u>Magic Map Application (defra.gov.uk)</u> (Last accessed December 2023).
- ¹² <u>Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (December 2024)</u> <u>National Planning Policy Framework [online] available at:</u>

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https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/67aafe8f3b41f783cca46251/NPP

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Up, Housing & Communities (December 2023). National Planning Policy

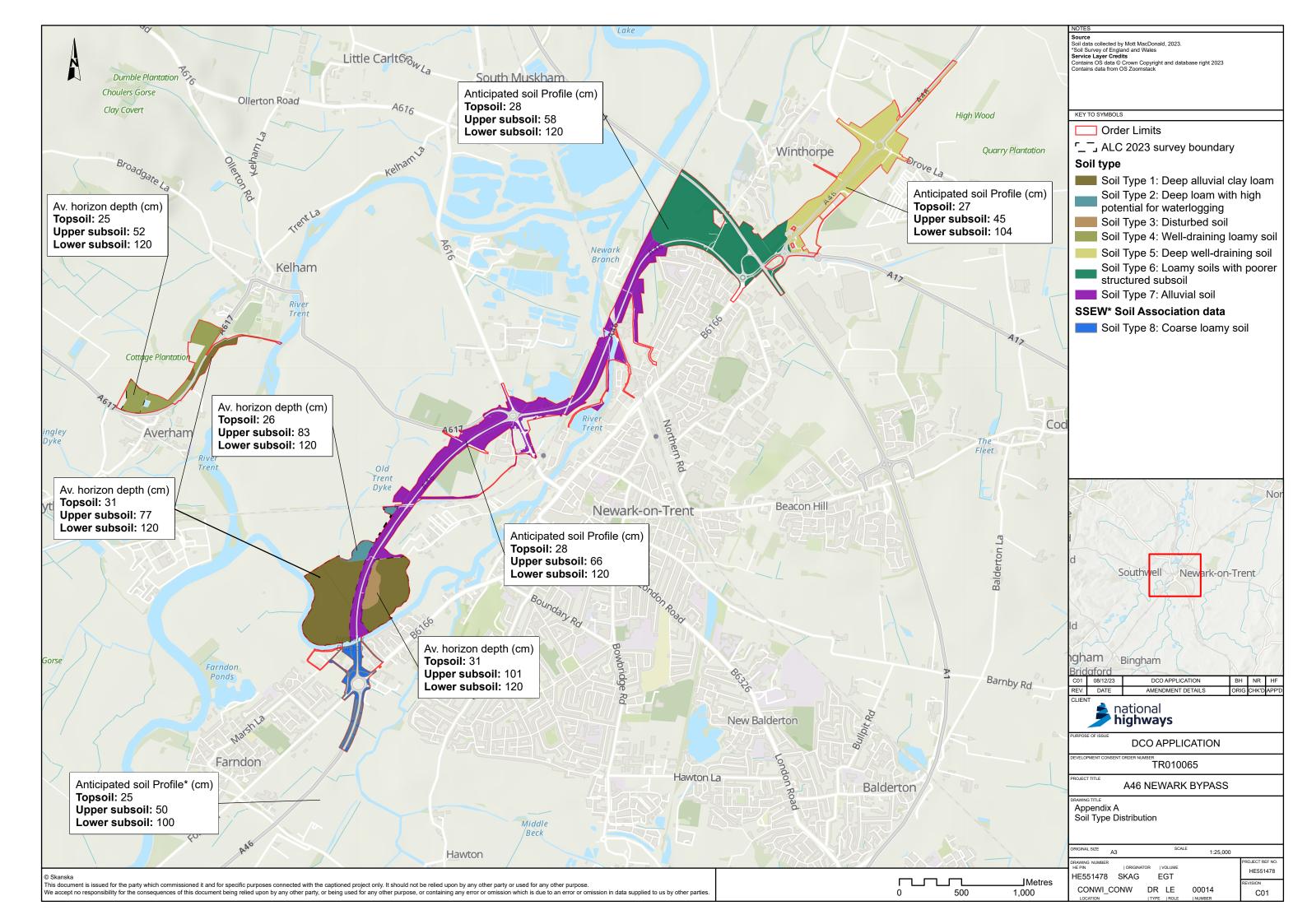
Framework [online] available at: National Planning Policy Framework

(publishing.service.gov.uk) (last accessed March 2024).

¹³ Cranfield University The Soils Guide (2023). Available at: <u>LandIS - Land Information System - Associations</u> (Last accessed December 2023).

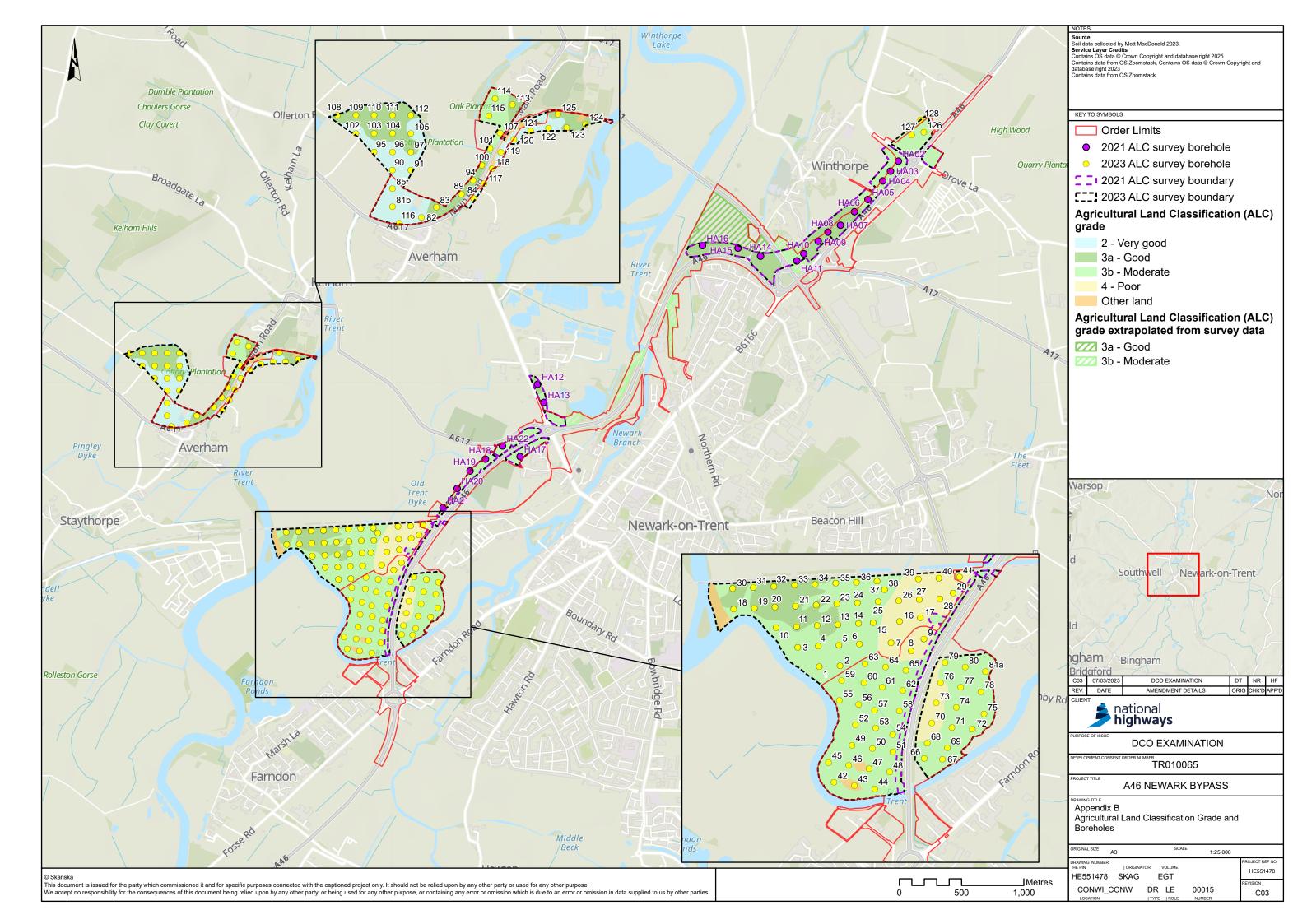


Appendix A: Soil type distribution



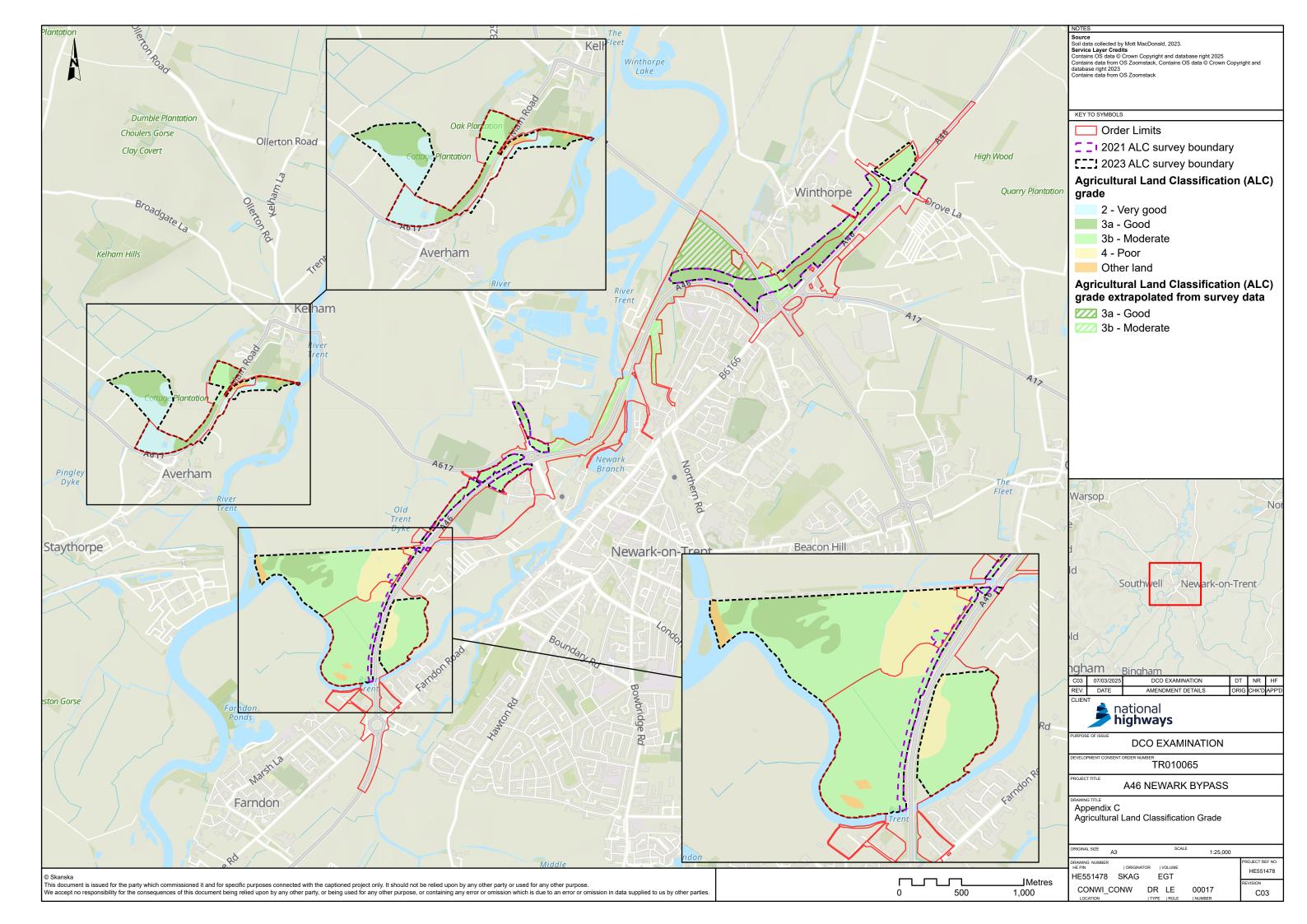


Appendix B: Borehole locations for ALC survey





Appendix C: ALC grades





Appendix D: Site photograph examples

Table D-1: Auger bore site photograph examples

| Auger bore (AB) | Photograph | Auger bore (AB) | Photograph |
|--|------------|---|------------|
| AB1 Soil Type 1 Deep alluvial clay loam | | AB58 Soil Type 1 Deep alluvial clay loam | |



| Auger bore (AB) | Photograph | Auger bore (AB) | Photograph |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| AB7 Soil Type 2 Deep loam with waterlogging | | AB73 Soil Type 3 Disturbed soil | 73 |



| Auger bore (AB) | Photograph | Auger bore (AB) | Photograph |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---|------------|
| AB79 Soil Type 3 Disturbed soil | | AB109 Soil Type 4 Well drained loamy soils | |



| Auger bore (AB) | Photograph | Auger bore (AB) | Photograph |
|---|------------|--|------------|
| AB111 Soil Type 4 Well drained loamy soils | | Flooded conditions within the main Scheme alignment survey area found within area of rough grazing | |



Appendix E: Soil auger bore log

Table E-1: 2023 ALC Survey bore log

| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|----|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | - | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade | |
| 1 | 0-33 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 38 | 5 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 33-85 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 1% | | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | | |
| 2 | 0-32 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 32-85 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | SCL | 10YR 7/6 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 34 -1 | | | | | |
| 3 | 0-30 | hCL | 10YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | | 34 -1 | -1 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-70 | SCL | 10YR 5/8 | Mn | <2% few | 1% | | | | | | |
| | 70-120 | SCL | 10YR 5/8 | Mn | <2% few | 1% | _ | | | | | |
| 4 | 0-30 | hCL | 10YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 30-85 | hCL | 10YR 5/8 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | - | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | hCL | 10YR 5/8 | Mn | <2% few | 1% | _ | | | | | |
| 5 | 0-35 | hCL | 10YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 35-120 | hCL | 10YR 6/8 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 35 | | | | | |
| 6 | 0-32 | hCL | 10YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 32-50 | hCL | 10YR 6/8 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | | |
| | 50-120 | hCL | 10YR 6/8 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 1% | | | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| 7 | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | N/A | N/A | N/A | | N/A - |
| | 30-68 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 7.5YR 5/8 | 2-20% common | 3% | = | | | | Waterl ogged |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | - | | | | 33 |
| 8 | 0-26 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 35 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 4 |
| | 26-42 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 42-95 | mCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 95-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | |
| 9 | 0-25 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 35 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 4 |
| | 25-70 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 70-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 10 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 33 | 1 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-88 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| | 88-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 1% | | | | | |
| 11 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 28 | 1 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-72 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | |
| | 72-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | - | | | | |
| 12 | 0-36 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 31 | 1 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 36-96 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | 1 | | | | |
| | 96-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | - | | | | |
| 13 | 0-34 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 34 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 34-90 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| | 90-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | | | | | |
| 14 | 0-34 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 22 | 0 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 34-85 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| 15 | 0-32 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 4 | -13 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 32-85 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 5/8 | 2-20% common | 2% | | | | | |
| 18 | 0-35 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 35 | -4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-120 | mCL | 10YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 19 | 0-34 | mZCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 26 | 12 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 34-73 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | |
| | 73-120 * | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 45% | | | | | |
| 20 | 0-33 | mZCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 31 | 12 | 1 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-87 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | |
| | 87-120 * | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 38% | | | | | |
| 21 | 0-27 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 25% | 4 | -15 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 27-65 | mCL | 10YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 65-92 | mCL | 10YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | | | | | |
| 22 | 0-37 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 36 | -4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|----|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade | |
| | 37-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | | |
| 23 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 33 | 9 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 35-96 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | | |
| | 96-120 | С | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | | |
| 24 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | 34 | -5 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 35-87 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | | |
| | 87-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | | |
| 25 | 0-34 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 15 | -2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 34-65 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | | |
| | 65-120 | С | 10YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | - | | | | | |
| 30 | 0-37 | SCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 2 | -12 | -12 3a | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 37-50 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | - | | | | | |
| | 50-70 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/2 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | - | | | | | |
| | 70-90 | cSL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 30% | - | | | | | |
| | 90-120 * | LcS | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | - | | | | | |
| 31 | 0-36 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 34 | 1 | 2 | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 36-91 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | | |
| | 91-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | | |
| 32 | 0-34 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | -1 | -7 | 3a | Flooding | 3b | |
| | 34-55 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 1 | | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 55-70 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 30% | | | | | |
| | 70-90 | cSL | 10YR 8/6 | 0 | 0 non | 50% | - | | | | |
| | 90-120 * | LcS | 10YR 8/7 | 0 | 0 non | 50% | - | | | | |
| 33 | 0-35 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | -13 | -22 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-65 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | = | | | | |
| | 65-80 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 35% | = | | | | |
| | 80-120 * | LcS | 10YR 8/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | = | | | | |
| 34 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 12 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-80 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | |
| | 80-100 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 50% | - | | | | |
| | 100-120 * | LcS | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 50% | - | | | | |
| 35 | 0-31 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 18 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 31-85 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | = | | | | |
| | 85-120 * | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 50% | - | | | | |
| 36 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 11 | -7 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-95 | С | 7.5YR 6/4 | 7.5YR 5/1 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 95-120 | С | 7.5YR 6/4 | 7.5YR 5/1 | <2% few | 1% | - | | | | |
| 37 | 0-38 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 17 | 0 | 1 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 38-65 | hCL | 10YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | - | | | | |
| | 65-120 | С | 10YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 5/8 | 2-20% common | 2% | - | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | - | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| 38 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 41 | 9 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-120 | hCL | 10YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | |
| 42 | 0-31 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | N/A | N/A | N/A | Flooding | 3b |
| | 31-60 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 60-80 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | | |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | = | | | | |
| 43 | 0-18 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 9 | 17 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 18-40 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 40-90 | С | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| | 90-120 | С | 7.5YR 6/4 | 7.5YR 5/1 | <2% few | 1% | = | | | | |
| 44 | 0-34 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 4% | 19 | -10 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 34-80 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 80-120 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | |
| 45 | 0-30 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | 35 | 2 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-70 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | | | | | |
| | 70-120 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | | | | | |
| 46 | 0-34 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 34-85 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 85-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 47 | 0-35 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 37 | -8 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 35-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 48 | 0-30 | С | 7.5YR 3/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 3% | 19 | -14 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-70 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 1% | | | | | |
| | 70-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | |
| 49 | 0-36 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 1% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 36-82 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 0% | | | | | |
| | 82-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 50 | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 37 | 28 | 1 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-55 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | N/A | | |
| | 55-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 51 | 0-31 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | N/A | N/A | | | N/A - |
| | 31-40 | С | 7.5YR 3/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | - | | | | Waterl ogged |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | - | | | | |
| 52 | 0-33 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 37 | 4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 53 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 38 | 5 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-100 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | Mn | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 100-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | |
| 54 | 0-29 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 5 | -19 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 29-100 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | - | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 100-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | | | | | |
| 55 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 37 | 4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 56 | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 37 | 4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 57 | 0-35 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 37 | 4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 58 | 0-33 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 4% | 17 | -10 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-95 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 1% | | | | | |
| | 95-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | |
| 59 | 0-35 | hCL | 10YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-80 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | |
| | 80-120 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | | |
| 60 | 0-38 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 36 | 10 | 1 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 38-75 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | | |
| | 75-120 | С | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 5/8 | 2-20% common | 2% | | | | | |
| 61 | 0-35 | hCL | 10YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 36 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 35-85 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 85-120 | hCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 62 | 0-32 | С | 7.5YR 3/2 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | 6 | -12 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | 1 | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 32-64 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 0% | | | | | |
| | 64-90 | С | 7.5YR 5/2 | 7.5R 5/8 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 90-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 5/2 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| 63 | 0-33 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 40 | 9 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | | |
| 64 | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 39 | 3 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-95 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | = | | | | |
| | 95-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 1% | - | | | | |
| 65 | 0-33 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 24 | 4 -4 | -4 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-52 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | | | | | |
| | 52-96 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 96-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| 66 | 0-33 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 22 | -5 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-95 | С | 7.5YR 5/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 95-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | |
| 67 | 0-29 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 20 | -13 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 29-70 | С | 7.5YR 5/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | - | | | | |
| | 70-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | - | | | | |
| 69 | 0-31 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 10 | -12 | 3a | Flooding | 3b |
| | 31-72 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 2% | 1 | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | - | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 72-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| 71 | 0-33 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 9 | -9 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 33-55 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 55-85 | SC | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 85-120 | mLS | 7.5YR 6/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| 72 | 0-31 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 8 | -10 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 31-71 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | = | | | | |
| | 71-120 | С | 7.5YR 5/6 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| 73 | 0-30 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 8 | -8 | 2 | Flooding | 4 |
| | 30-95 | С | 7.5YR 5/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | 2-20% common | 0% | = | | | | |
| | 95-100 | LmS | 5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 100-120 | hCL | 5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 75 | 0-28 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 32 | -6 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 28-50 | С | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | - | | | | |
| | 50-75 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 75-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 76 | 0-32 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 33 | -2 | 2 | Flooding | 4 |
| | 32-68 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 1 | | | | |
| | 68-102 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 102-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/5 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 1 | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | ır | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| 77 | 0-29 | mCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 34 | -8 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 29-45 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 45-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 6/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | | |
| 78 | 0-20 | hCL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | N/A | N/A | N/A | Flooding | 3b |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | - | | | | |
| 79 | 0-32 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 9 | -9 | 2 | Flooding | 4 |
| | 32-88 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 1% | = | | | | |
| | 88-120 | С | 7.5YR 4/3 | 7.5YR 7/1 | <2% few | 1% | = | | | | |
| 80 | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% 37 4 2 F | Flooding | 3b | | | |
| | 30-55 | hCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| | 55-120 | SCL | 10YR 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 81a | 0-30 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 37 | 4 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | 30-90 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| | 90-120 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | = | | | | |
| 81b | 0-20 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | 32 | -7 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 20-52 | SCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | SS | |
| | 52-85 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | = | | | | |
| | 85-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | = | | | | |
| 82 | 0-25 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 22 | 22 18 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 25-56 | SCL | 10YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 1 | | | SS | |



| Auger No | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 56-105 | mSL | 7.5yr 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | | | | | |
| | 105-120 | cS | 7.5yr 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 35% | | | | | |
| 83 | 0-20 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 4 | 14 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 20-45 | SCL | 10YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | _ | | | SS | |
| | 45-75 | mSL | 7.5yr 5/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | - | | | | |
| | 75-120 | LcS | 7.5yr 5/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | _ | | | | |
| 85 | 0-21 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | 32 | 14 | 1 | Droughtine | 1 |
| | 21-55 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | _ | | | SS | |
| | 55-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | _ | | | | |
| 89 | 0-25 | mSL | 10YR4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | -9 | -18 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 25-50 | mSL | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | _ | | | SS | |
| | 50-70 | LcS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | _ | | | | |
| | 70-120 | cS | 7.5YR 5/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | <2% few | 15% | _ | | | | |
| 90 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | 18 | -3 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 30-82 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | _ | | | SS | |
| | 82-120 | mLS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | _ | | | | |
| 91 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 9 | -14 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 30-85 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | 1 | | | SS | |
| | 85-120 | mLS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 1 | | | | |
| 94 | 0-28 | SCL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -33 | -31 | 3b | | 3b |



| Auger No | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 28-45 | SCL | 10YR4/3 | 2.5YR 4/4 | 2-20% common | 15% | | | | Droughtine | |
| | 45-70 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 2.5YR 4/4 | 2-20% common | 25% | | | | SS | |
| | 70-120 | cS | 10R 5/6 | 2.5YR 4/4 | 2-20% common | 40% | | | | | |
| 95 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 6 | 2 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 30-60 | mSL | 7.5YR 6/6 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | - | | | SS | |
| | 60-120 | mS | 7.5YR 8/6 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | - | | | | |
| 96 | 0-31 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | 16 | -9 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 31-83 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 17% | - | | | SS | |
| | 83-120 * | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 32% | - | | | | |
| 97 | 0-32 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | 5 | -32 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 32-55 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/1 | 0 | 0 non | 22% | | | | SS | |
| | 55-120 * | mSL | 7.5YR 3/1 | 0 | 0 non | 32% | - | | | | |
| 100 | 0-32 | С | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | -17 | 2 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 32-55 | HCL | 10YR4/1 | 2.5YR 4/4 | 20-40% many | 5% | - | | | SS | |
| | 55-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | - | | | | |
| 101 | 0-25 | mSL | 10YR4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -26 | -28 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 25-42 | mSL | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | | | | SS | |
| | 42-85 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | 1 | | | | |
| | 85-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | - | | | | |
| 102 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | 21 | 1 | 2 | | 2 |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | ır | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 30-52 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | | | | Droughtine | |
| | 52-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 5/8 | <2% few | 2% | - | | | SS | |
| 103 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | -7 | -21 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 30-80 | LmS | 7.5YR 5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | = | | | SS | |
| | 80-120 * | mS | 7.5YR 7/6 | 0 | 0 non | 18% | - | | | | |
| 104 | 0-30 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -3 | -25 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 30-55 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | - | | | SS | |
| | 55-120 | LcS | 7.5YR 5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | = | | | | |
| 105 | 0-30 | SCL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 7% 27 -9 2 Drought | Droughtine | 2 | | | |
| | 30-50 | mCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | = | | | SS | |
| | 50-120 | SCL | 7.5YR 5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | - | | | | |
| 107 | 0-25 | mSL | 10YR4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -24 | -17 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 25-48 | mSL | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | | | | SS | |
| | 48-75 | LcS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | - | | | | |
| | 75-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | | | | | |
| 108 | 0-31 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | 25 | -9 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 31-75 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | | | | ss | |
| | 75-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | - | | | | |
| 109 | 0-30 | hCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| | 30-48 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 4% | 1 | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moisture | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------|------------------|--------------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 48-70 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 7% | | | | | N/A - |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | • | | | | Waterl ogged |
| 110 | 0-31 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | N/A | N/A | N/A | | N/A - |
| | 31-50 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | - | | | | Waterl ogged |
| | 50-72 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | - | | | | |
| | NFP (waterlogged) | | | | | | - | | | | |
| 111 | 0-37 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | 17 | -6 | 2 | Droughtine ss | 2 |
| | 37-90 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | - | | | SS | |
| | 90-120 | mS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 3% | - | | | | |
| 112 | 0-30 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 12% | -9 | -22 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 30-80 | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | SS | |
| | 80-120 * | SCL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 113 | 0-33 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | -15 | 16 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 33-54 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | - | | | SS | |
| | 54-65 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | - | | | | |
| | 65-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | - | | | | |
| 114 | 0-24 | SCL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -33 | -24 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 24-45 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | - | | | SS | |
| | 45-55 | cS | 10YR4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | - | | | | |
| | 55-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | - | | | | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| 115 | 0-25 | mSL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10 | -22 | 5 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 25-46 | mSL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10 | | | | SS | |
| | 46-65 | SCL | 10YR4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 25 | | | | | |
| | 65-120 | cS | 10YR4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40 | | | | | |
| 116 | 0-20 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 6% | 16 | 7 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 20-55 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | | | | SS | |
| | 55-120 | mSL | 7.5YR 6/4 | 0 | 0 non | 25% | | | | | |
| 117 | 0-31 | С | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 29 | 34 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 31-48 | С | 10YR4/1 | 2.5YR 3/6 | 20-40% many | 1% | | | | SS | |
| | 48-68 | С | 10YR4/1 | 2.5YR 3/6 | 20-40% many | 1% | | | | | |
| | 68-120 | SCL | 10YR4/2 | 2.5YR 3/6 | 20-40% many | 1% | | | | | |
| 118 | 0-26 | hCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | -10 | 20 | 3a | Droughtine | 3a |
| | 26-48 | С | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | | | | SS | |
| | 48-68 | SCL | 10YR4/2 | 5YR 4/4 | <2% few | 10% | | | | | |
| | 68-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | | | | | |
| 119 | 0-20 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 28 | 2 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 20-68 | С | 10YR4/2 | 5YR 4/4 | <2% few | 1% | | | | SS | |
| | 68-120 | С | 10YR5/2 | 5YR 4/4 | 2-20% common | 1% | | | | | |
| 120 | 0-30 | SCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1 | 15 | -5 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 30-80 | SCL | 10YR5/4 | 7.5YR 6/8 | 2-20% common | 0 | | | | SS | |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 80-100 | SCL | 10YR5/4 | 7.5YR 6/8 | 20-40% many | 0 | | | | | |
| | 100-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 7.5YR 6/8 | <2% few | 40 | - | | | | |
| 121 | 0-25 | mCL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 8 | 29 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 25-45 | mCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | | | | SS | |
| | 45-85 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 1% | | | | | |
| | 85-95 | LcS | 7.5YR 4/4 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 20% | | | | | |
| | 95-120 | cS | 10YR5/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 40% | | | | | |
| 122 | 0-30 | mSL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 2% | 5 | 6 | 2 | Droughtine | 2 |
| | 30-62 | SCL | 10YR4/4 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 1% | | | | SS | |
| | 62-80 | SCL | 10YR4/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 10% | | | | | |
| | 80-95 | mSL | 10YR4/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 25% | - | | | | |
| | 95-120 | mSL | 10YR5/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 40% | | | | | |
| 123 | 0-25 | mSL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 30 | 25 | 2 | Flooding | 3a |
| | 25-42 | SCL | 10YR4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | - | | | | |
| | 42-120 | SCL | 10YR4/6 | 2.5YR 4/6 | 2-20% common | 1% | - | | | | |
| 124 | 0-32 | mSL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 3 | 19 | 3a | Flooding | 3a |
| | 32-55 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | - | | | | |
| | 55-85 | LmS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 7.5YR 5/6 | <2% few | 0% | - | | | | |
| | 85-120 | mS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | - | | | | |
| 125 | 0-29 | С | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 19 | 0.4 | 2 | Flooding | 3a |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture | Soil Colou | r | Mottling% | Stones | Moistur | e Balance | Droughtiness | Final ALC | |
|-------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------|
| No | | | Matrix | Mottle | - | Total (%) | Wheat | Potatoes | Grade | Limitation | Grade |
| | 29-50 | С | 10YR5/2 | 7.5YR 6/8 | 2-20% common | 0% | | | | | |
| | 50-120 | С | 10YR5/6 | 7.5YR 6/8 | 2-20% common | 0% | | | | | |
| 126 | 0-30 | LmS | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | -52 | -33 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 30-50 | LmS | 10YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 30% | | | | SS | |
| | 100 | mS | 10YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 40% | | | | | |
| 127 | 0-30 | LmS | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | -38 | -3 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 30-45 | LmS | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | | | | SS | |
| | 45-70 | LmS | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 1 non | 30% | | | | | |
| | 70-100 | LmS | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 2 non | 40% | | | | | |
| 128 | 0-32 | mSL | 10YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | -33 | -36 | 3b | Droughtine | 3b |
| | 32-50 | LmS | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | | | | ss | |
| | 50-70 | mS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 15% | | | | | |
| | 70-100 | mS | 7.5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 25% | | | | | |

Soil texture key: mS – medium sand LmS – loamy medium sand; LcS – loamy coarse sand; mSL – medium sandy loam; SCL – sandy clay loam; mCL – medium clay loam; mZCL – medium silty clay loam; hCL – heavy clay loam; C – clay.

AB marked with an asterisk (*) were not completed to the full depth of 1.2m and the soil conditions were inferred from the soil above.

Borehole numbers 16, 17, 26, 27, 28, 29, 39 40, and 41 are not included in the borehole log due to no data being collected due to flooded conditions of the survey site.



Table E-2: 2021 ALC Survey Borehole Log

| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture/Bedrock | Soil Colou | r | Mottling | Stones | Moiste Balan | | Droughtine ss | Final ALC | |
|-------|---------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| No | Con Fiorizon (citi) | Texture/Bearoux | Matrix | Mottle | - % | Total (%) | Whe at | Potato es | Grade | Limitation | Grad e |
| HA01 | | 1 | | No da | ta made ava | ilable | | I | 1 | | |
| HA03 | | | | No da | ta made ava | ilable | | | | | |
| | 0-25 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | Mn Flecks | 0 non | 10% | | | | | |
| | 25-40 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 13% | 1 | | | Droughtine ss | |
| HA05 | 40-70 | mS | 5YR 4/6 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | -35 | -40 | 3b | | 3b |
| | 70-100 | mS | 7.5YR 5/6 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | 1 | | | | |
| | NFP - Stones | Gravel | NA | 0 | 0 non | NA | 1 | | | | |
| HA06 | | | | No da | ta made ava | ilable | I | 1 | <u> </u> | | |
| | 0-20 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | | | | | |
| | 20-40 | mSL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | - | | | | |
| HA07 | 40-65 | mSL | 7.5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | 9 | -16 | 3a | Droughtine ss | 3a |
| | 65-90 | mSL | 5YR 3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | - | | | | |
| | 90-120 | LmS | 5YR 4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 5% | 1 | | | | |
| HA08 | | I | I | No da | ta made ava | ilable | | | 1 | I | <u>I</u> |
| HA09 | 0-35 | CL | 7.5YR 3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 8% | 12 | 6 | 2 | | 2 |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture/Bedrock | Soil Colou | r | Mottling | Stones | Moist Balan | | Droughtine ss | Final ALC | |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| No | Con Horizon (cm) | Texture/Beardon | Matrix | Mottle | % | Total (%) | Whe at | Potato es | Grade | Limitation | Grad e |
| | 35-60 | SCL | 7.5YR 4/2 | 10YR5/ 3 5YR3/3 | NA | 5% | | | | | |
| | 60-80 | mSL | 7.5YR6/2 | 10YR3/ 3 5YR4/4 | NA | 3% | - | | | Droughtine ss | |
| | 80-100 | mSL | 7.5YR5/4 | 2.5Y 6/2 7.5YR5/ 2 | NA | 3% | - | | | 55 | |
| | NFP - Auger Stopped | NA | | | | | | | | | |
| HA10 | | | 1 | No dat | a made ava | ilable | | 1 | 1 | | • |
| | 0-35 | CL | 7.5YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 14% | | | | | |
| HA11 | 35-60 | С | 7.5YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 10% | -41 | -31 | 3b | Droughtine ss | 3b |
| | NFP - Hard | Marl | NA | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| HA12 | | 1 | | No dat | a made ava | ilable | I | <u> </u> | | | |
| | 0-30 | ZCL | 7.5YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| HA13 | 30-45 | ZCL | 7.5YR4/2 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | -12 -4 | -4 | 3a | Wetness and | 3b |
| | 45-60 | ZC | 7.5YR4/4 | 7.5YR5/ 8 | NA | 0% | | | | Flooding | |



| Auger No | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture/Bedrock | Soil Colou | ır | Mottling | Stones | Moist Balan | | Droughtine ss | Final ALC | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|
| No | Con Horizon (cin) | Texture/Bedrock | Matrix | Mottle | % | Total (%) | Whe at | Potato es | Grade | Limitation | Grad e |
| | 60-80 | ZC | 7.5Y5/8 | 2.5Y 5/2 | NA | 0% | | | | | |
| | NFP - Gravel in Water Table | | | | | | | | | | |
| HA14 | | ı | 1 | No dat | a made ava | ailable | 1 | | | <u> </u> | .1 |
| | 0-35 | mSL | 5YR3/2 | 0 | 0 non | 20% | | | | | |
| | 35-70 | cSL | 5YR3/4 | 0 | 0 non | 11% | | | Droughtine | | |
| HA15 | 70-80 | cSL | 5YR3/4 | 5YR4/3 5YR4/4 | NA | 12% | 3 | -17 | 3a | Droughtine ss | 3a |
| | 80-110 | С | 5YR4/4 | 5YR3/4 | NA | 3% | - | | | SS | |
| | NFP | Marl | | | | | - | | | | |
| HA16 | | | 1 | No dat | a made ava | ailable | | | <u> </u> | | |
| | 0-28 | ZCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| LJA 17 | 28-60 | ZCL | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 30 | | | Flooding | 26 |
| HA17 | 60-110 | ZCL | 10YR4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 1% | 30 | 9 | 2 | Flooding | 3b |
| | NFP - Drain | | | | | | - | | | | |
| HA18 | | 1 | I | No dat | a made ava | ailable | 1 | | I | | |
| HA19 | 0-25 | ZCL | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 51 | 26 | 1 | Flooding | 3b |
| IIAI | 25-70 | ZCL | 10YR4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | 31 | 20 | ' | i looding | 30 |



| Auger | Soil Horizon (cm) | Texture/Bedrock | Soil Colou | r | Mottling | Stones | Moiste Balan | | Droughtine ss | Final ALC | |
|-------|------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| No | Son Horizon (cm) | Texture/Deurock | Matrix | Mottle | % | Total (%) | Whe at | Potato es | Grade | Limitation | Grad e |
| | 70-90 | ZCL | 10YR4/4 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 90-120 | С | 10YR4/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| HA20 | | | l | No dat | a made ava | ilable | | 1 | 1 | | <u>.I</u> |
| | 0-30 | С | 10YR3/3 | 0 | 0 non | 0% | | | | | |
| | 30-70 | С | 7.5YR4/4 | 10YR4/ 3 10YR3/ 3 | NA | 0% | | | | | |
| HA21 | 70-90 | С | 10YR4/4 | 7.5YR4/ 2 7.5YR5/ 4 | NA | 0% | -5 | -12 | За | Final ALC | 3b |
| | 90-110 | С | 7.5YR4/4 | 10YR4/ 2 10YR4/ 3 | NA | 0% | | | | | |
| | NFP - Auger Stopped | | | | | | = | | | | |
| HA22 | | | | No dat | a made ava | ilable | • | • | | | |



Appendix F: Particle Size Distribution results



| | | | ANALY | TICAL REPORT | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| Report Number | 53270-23 | 1 | W680 | | | | | | | |
| Date Received | 20-JAN-2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Date Reported | 27-JAN-2023 | | 10 TEMPLE E | BACK | | | | | | |
| Project | SOIL | | BRISTOL | | | | | | | |
| Reference | MOTT MACDONALI | D | BS1 6FL | | | | | | | |
| Order Number | | | | | | | | | | |
| Laboratory Reference | | SOIL604653 | | | | | | | | |
| Sample Reference | | A46 TS BH102 | | | | | | | | |
| Determinand | Unit | SOIL | | | | | | | | |
| Sand 2.00-0.063mm | % w/w | 52 | | | | | | | | |
| Silt 0.063-0.002mm | % w/w | 30 | | | | | | | | |
| Clay <0.002mm | % w/w | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| Textural Class ** | | SCL/SL | | | | | | | | |
| Notes | · | | • | | • | · | • | • | • | |
| Analysis Notes | The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested. | | | | | | | | | |
| | The results as reported relate only to the item(s) submitted for testing. | | | | | | | | | |
| | The results are prese | ented on a dry matter bas | is unless otherwise st | tipulated. | | | | | | |
| Document Control | This test report sha | III not be reproduced, ex | cept in full, without | the written approva | I of the laboratory. | | | | | |
| | ** Please see the att | ached document for the d | definition of textural cla | asses. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reported by | | | | | | | | | | |
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ANALYTICAL REPORT Report Number 62648-23 W680 Client A46 NEWARK BYPASS **Date Received** 10-MAR-2023 Date Reported 24-MAR-2023 10 TEMPLE BACK Project 100103345 **BRISTOL** Reference A46 NEWARK BYPASS BS1 6FL Order Number 100103345 **Laboratory Reference** SOIL617096 SOIL617097 SOIL617098 SOIL617099 SOIL617100 SOIL617101 Sample Reference BH89 TS BH100 TS BH117 USS **BH113 USS** BH126 TS BH128 LSS Determinand Unit SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL SOIL Sand 2.00-0.063mm % w/w 69 27 58 21 81 88 14 4 Silt 0.063-0.002mm % w/w 16 21 26 11 59 Clay < 0.002mm % w/w 15 21 53 8 8 Textural Class ** С SL SCL С LS LS Notes Analysis Notes The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested. The results as reported relate only to the item(s) submitted for testing. The results are presented on a dry matter basis unless otherwise stipulated. **Document Control** This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. Int for the definition of textural classes. Reported by rading division of Cawood Scientific Ltd. Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG42 6NS

Technical Information



ADAS (UK) Textural Class Abbreviations

The texture classes are denoted by the following abbreviations:

| Class | Code |
|-----------------|------|
| Sand | S |
| Loamy sand | LS |
| Sandy loam | SL |
| Sandy Silt loam | SZL |
| Silt loam | ZL |
| Sandy clay loam | SCL |
| Clay loam | CL |
| Silt clay loam | ZCL |
| Clay | С |
| Silty clay | ZC |
| Sandy clay | SC |

For the sand, loamy sand, sandy loam and sandy silt loam classes the predominant size of sand fraction may be indicated by the use of prefixes, thus:

- vf Very Fine (more than 2/3's of sand less than 0.106 mm)
- f Fine (more than 2/3's of sand less than 0.212 mm)
- c Coarse (more than 1/3 of sand greater than 0.6 mm)
- m Medium (less than 2/3's fine sand and less than 1/3 coarse sand).

The subdivisions of *clay loam* and *silty clay loam classes* according to clay content are indicated as follows:

- M medium (less than 27% clay)
- H heavy (27-35% clay)

Organic soils i.e. those with an organic matter greater than 10% will be preceded with a letter O.

Peaty soils i.e. those with an organic matter greater than 20% will be preceded with a letter P.

